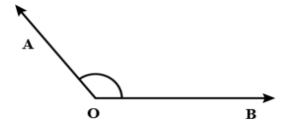


INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS (2024-2025)

| TOPIC | C: GEOMETRY | , | |
|---------|---|--------------|---------------|
| RESOU | URCE PERSON: Ms. FLAVIA CASTELINO | | WORKSHEET |
| NAME | :CLASS: V SEC: | DATE: _ | |
| Read t | he instructions and do as directed. | | |
| I. Fill | in the blanks with the correct answer. | | |
| 1) A | is used to measure angles. | | |
| 2) W | When two rays have a common endpoint, they form a/an | -, | · |
| 3) T | The corner of a book is an example of | angle. | |
| 4) A | / an angle is formed by the hands | of a clock a | it 6 o'clock. |
| 5) A | n obtuse angle is greater than but smaller th | nan | · |
| 6) Ir | n angle JKL, the vertex is the point | | |
| 7) A | straight angle measures degrees. | | |
| 8) W | When a horizontal ray and a vertical ray meet they form a | | angle. |
| - | rite True or False for each of the following stateme | | - |
| 1) | A line has one endpoint and goes endlessly in one direction. | | |
| 2) | An obtuse angle is smaller than an acute angle. | | |
| 3) | A line segment is part of a line. | | |
| 4) | The standard unit for measuring an angle is millimeter. | | |
| 5) | A collection of points going endlessly in both directions along a straight path is called a line. | | |

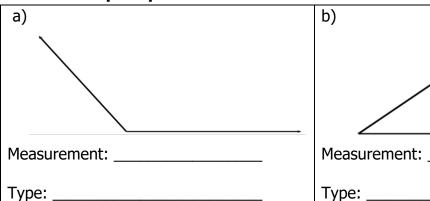
III. Observe the picture of the angle given below and answer the questions that follow.



- 1) Name the vertex of the angle. _____
- 2) _____ and ____ are the arms of the angle.
- 3) Name the angle in two ways.

- 4) What type of angle is it? _____
- 5) What is the measurement of this angle? _____

IV. Use a protractor to measure the following angles, identify the type and write in the space provided.



Measurement: _____

Type: _____

V. Draw the angles with the following measurements.

| a) 50° | b) 150° |
|--------|---------|
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